## Cisco

350-201 Exam

### **Performing CyberOps Using Core Security Technologies**



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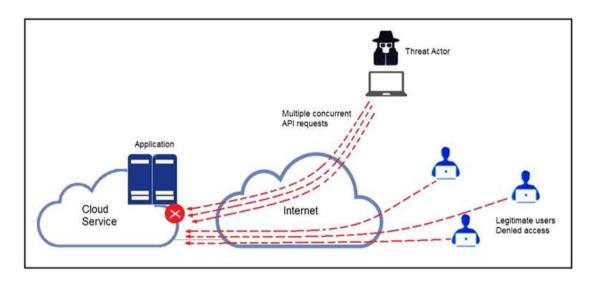
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## Version: 5.0

#### Question: 1

Refer to the exhibit.



A threat actor behind a single computer exploited a cloud-based application by sending multiple concurrent API requests. These requests made the application unresponsive. Which solution protects the application from being overloaded and ensures more equitable application access across the end-user community?

- A. Limit the number of API calls that a single client is allowed to make
- B. Add restrictions on the edge router on how often a single client can access the API
- C. Reduce the amount of data that can be fetched from the total pool of active clients that call the API
- D. Increase the application cache of the total pool of active clients that call the API

Answer: A

#### Question: 2

#### DRAG DROP

An organization lost connectivity to critical servers, and users cannot access business applications and internal websites. An engineer checks the network devices to investigate the outage and determines that all devices are functioning. Drag and drop the steps from the left into the sequence

on the right to continue investigating this issue. Not all options are used.

#### **Answer Area**

| run show access-list       | Step 1 |
|----------------------------|--------|
| run show config            | Step 2 |
| validate the file MD5      | Step 3 |
| generate the core file     | Step 4 |
| verify the image file hash |        |
| check the memory logs      |        |
| verify the memory state    |        |

#### Answer:

#### Explanation:

#### **Answer Area**

| run show access-list       | run show config         |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| run show config            | check the memory logs   |
| validate the file MD5      | verify the memory state |
| generate the core file     | run show access-list    |
| verify the image file hash |                         |
| check the memory logs      |                         |
| verify the memory state    |                         |

#### **Question: 3**

A threat actor attacked an organization's Active Directory server from a remote location, and in a thirty-minute timeframe, stole the password for the administrator account and attempted to access

3 company servers. The threat actor successfully accessed the first server that contained sales data, but no files were downloaded. A second server was also accessed that contained marketing information and 11 files were downloaded. When the threat actor accessed the third server that contained corporate financial data, the session was disconnected, and the administrator's account was disabled. Which activity triggered the behavior analytics tool?

- A. accessing the Active Directory server
- B. accessing the server with financial data
- C. accessing multiple servers
- D. downloading more than 10 files

Answer: C

#### Question: 4

Refer to the exhibit.

| 192.168.1.8:54580<br>192.168.1.8:54583 | vk-in-f108:imaps<br>132.245.61.50:https   | ESTABLISHED<br>ESTABLISHED   |
|--|---|--|
| 192.168.1.8:54916                      | bay405-m:https  | ESTABLISHED  |
| 192.168.1.8:54978                      | vu-in-f188:5228   | ESTABLISHED  |
| 192.168.1.8:55094                      | 72.21.194.109:https   | ESTABLISHED  |
| 192.168.1.8:55401                      | wonderhowto:http  | ESTABLISHED  |
| 192.168.1.8:55730                      | mia07s34-in-f78:https   | TIME WAIT  |
| 192 168 1 8·55824                      | a23-40-191-15:https   | CLOSE_WAIT   |
|  |   | CLOSE_WAIT   |
| 나가 얼마가 있다. 살아보다 가장하게 되었다. 이렇게 이        | 이 시간 하는 것이 없는데 가게 하지 않는데 하는데 가게 되었다. 아무리를 하는데   | TIME_WAIT  |
|  |   | CLOSE_WAIT   |
|  |   | ESTABLISHED  |
|  |   | ESTABLISHED  |
|  | 가게 하셨습니다. (100 Per 100 Per 10 | ESTABLISHED  |
| 문과 전에를 보이고 하고 있다면 가를 하고 하는데 하는데        | 그 가게 되는 사람이 아니라 나는 아니라 그 아니라 나를 가게 하고 했다.   | TIME_WAIT  |
|  |   | ESTABLISHED  |
|  | 아이 나는 내가 있는 것이 다른 이번 이번 사람들이 하게 되었다면 하는데 되었다면 되었다.  | ESTABLISHED  |
|  |   | TIME WAIT  |
|  |   | TIME_WAIT  |
|  |   | ESTABLISHED  |
|  |   | ESTABLISHED  |
|  | 7 ( 7 ( 7 ( 7 ( 7 ( 7 ( 7 ( 7 ( 7 ( 7 (   | TIME WAIT  |
| 192.168.1.8:55988                      | 104.16.118.182:http   | ESTABLISHED  |
|  | 192.168.1.8:54583 192.168.1.8:54978 192.168.1.8:55094 192.168.1.8:55094 192.168.1.8:55730  192.168.1.8:55824 192.168.1.8:55825 192.168.1.8:55846 192.168.1.8:55847 192.168.1.8:55847 192.168.1.8:55879 192.168.1.8:55893 192.168.1.8:55893 192.168.1.8:55996 192.168.1.8:55970 192.168.1.8:55970 192.168.1.8:55970 192.168.1.8:55970 192.168.1.8:55979 192.168.1.8:55979 192.168.1.8:55979  | 192.168.1.8:54583 192.168.1.8:54916 192.168.1.8:54978 192.168.1.8:55094 192.168.1.8:55094 192.168.1.8:55401 192.168.1.8:55730  192.168.1.8:55824 192.168.1.8:55825 192.168.1.8:55825 192.168.1.8:55846 192.168.1.8:55847 192.168.1.8:55847 192.168.1.8:55848 192.168.1.8:55849 192.168.1.8:55849 192.168.1.8:55884 192.168.1.8:55884 192.168.1.8:55893 192.168.1.8:55893 192.168.1.8:55996 192.168.1.8:55970 192.168.1.8:55970 192.168.1.8:55976 192.168.1.8:55976 192.168.1.8:55979 192.168.1.8:55979 191.238.241.80:https 192.168.1.8:55979 191.238.242:https 192.168.1.8:55979 192.168.1.8:55979 192.168.1.8:55979 191.238.241.80:https 192.168.1.8:55979 192.168.1.8:55979 191.238.241.80:https 192.168.1.8:55979 191.238.241.80:https 192.168.1.8:55979 192.168.1.8:55979 191.238.241.80:https 192.168.1.8:55986 |

A security analyst needs to investigate a security incident involving several suspicious connections with a possible attacker. Which tool should the analyst use to identify the source IP of the offender?

- A. packet sniffer
- B. malware analysis
- C. SIEM
- D. firewall manager

#### **Question: 5**

Refer to the exhibit.

| Analysi   | s Report   |  |  |                 |
|---|--|--|--|-----------------|
| D<br>OS<br>Started<br>Ended<br>Ouration<br>Sandbox      | 12cbeee21b1ea4<br>7601.1898.amd64fre.win7sp1_<br>gdr.150316-1654<br>7/29/16 18:44:43<br>7/29/16 18:50:39<br>0:05:56<br>phl-work-02 (pilot-d) | Filename<br>Magic Type<br>Analyzed As<br>SHA256<br>SHA1<br>MD5 | fpzryrf.exe<br>PE32 executable (GUI) Intel 80386, for MS Windows<br>exe<br>e9ca08a3cc2f8c9748a9e9b304c9f5a16d830066e5467d3dd5927<br>be36fec47da<br>a2de85810fd5ebcf29c5da5dd29ce03470772ad<br>dd07d778edf8d581ffaadb1610aaa008 |                 |
| Warning   | s  |  |  |                 |
| Executa   | able Failed Integrity Check  |  |  |                 |
| Behavi  | oral Indicators  |  |  |                 |
| ◆ CTB Locker Detected                                   |  |  | Severity: 100  | Confidence: 100 |
| Generic Ransomware Detected                             |  |  | Severity: 100  | Confidence: 95  |
| <b>⊕</b> Excessive Suspicious Activity Detected         |  |  | Severity: 90   | Confidence: 100 |
| Process Modified a File in a System Directory           |  |  | Severity: 90   | Confidence: 100 |
| <b>♦</b> Large Amount of High Entropy Artifacts Written |  |  | Severity: 100  | Confidence: 80  |
| Process Modified a File in the Program Files Directory  |  |  | Severity: 80   | Confidence: 90  |
| Decoy Document Detected                                 |  |  | Severity: 70   | Confidence: 100 |
| OProcess Modified an Executable File                    |  |  | Severity: 60   | Confidence: 100 |
| OProcess Modified File in a User Directory              |  |  | Severity: 70   | Confidence: 80  |
| <b>⊕</b> Windows Crash Tool Execution Detected          |  |  | Severity: 20   | Confidence: 80  |
| ♥Windo  |  | •  | Severity: 35   | Confidence: 40  |
|   | Procedure Detected in Executable   |  |  |                 |
| O Hook I  | Procedure Detected in Executable<br>mware Queried Domain   |  | Severity: 25   | Confidence: 25  |

Cisco Advanced Malware Protection installed on an end-user desktop has automatically submitted a low prevalence file to the Threat Grid analysis engine for further analysis. What should be concluded from this report?

A. The prioritized behavioral indicators of compromise do not justify the execution of the "ransomware" because the scores do not indicate the likelihood of malicious ransomware.

- B. The prioritized behavioral indicators of compromise do not justify the execution of the "ransomware" because the scores are high and do not indicate the likelihood of malicious ransomware.
- C. The prioritized behavioral indicators of compromise justify the execution of the "ransomware" because the

scores are high and indicate the likelihood that malicious ransomware has been detected.

D. The prioritized behavioral indicators of compromise justify the execution of the "ransomware" because the scores are low and indicate the likelihood that malicious ransomware has been detected.

| Answer: | C |
|---------|---|

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